PROCEDURE FOR DEALING WITH COMPLAINTS

Arrangements for dealing with allegations that a Councillor/Member or co-opted member of Barnet Council has failed to comply with the Members' Code of Conduct.

In this procedure the reference to 'Independent Person' means a person appointed by the Council pursuant to Section 28 of the Localism Act 2011, whose views may be taken into account before final decisions upon allegations against Members are taken and who may be consulted by a Member who is the subject of allegations or by the Council.

1. <u>Making an allegation</u>

- 1.1 An allegation that a Member or a Co-opted Member of Barnet Council has failed to comply with the Members' Code of Conduct should be made in writing to the Monitoring Officer if possible using the Complaint Form on the Council's website.
- 1.2 It is important that a person making an allegation provides his/her name and a contact address or email address, so that the Council can acknowledge receipt of the allegation and keep the person informed of its progress. The person must indicate if he/she wants to keep his/her name and address confidential and the Monitoring Officer will consider any such requests.
- 1.3 The Council does not normally investigate anonymous allegations unless there is a clear public interest in doing so.
- 1.4 The Monitoring Officer will usually acknowledge receipt of an allegation within five clear working days of receiving it and will keep the person making the allegation informed of progress.
- 1.5 The Monitoring Officer will inform the councillor against whom an allegation has been made and will give the details of the complaint and remedy sought to them. In exceptional circumstances the Monitoring Officer has the discretion not to inform the Councillor if, in her opinion, to do so would risk an investigation being frustrated or prejudiced in some other way.

2. Assessment of an allegation

- 2.1 The Monitoring Officer will review every allegation received and will consult with an Independent Person. The Monitoring Officer will initially investigate to see if the complaint can be resolved in the Public Interest. to the satisfaction of the complainant and the councillor concerned.
- 2.2 The Monitoring Officer will use a number of criteria for assessing complaints, and may consult with Political Party Leaders. The Monitoring Officer may determine that an allegation does not merit any further action, where:
 - 2.2.1 The allegation does not demonstrate a breach of the Members' Code of Conduct; for example it relates to a member's private life to which the Code

does not apply or it is about dissatisfaction with a Council decision or service, or

- 2.2.2 The allegation doesn't merit investigation on public interest¹ grounds.
- 2.2.3 It is about someone who is no longer a Member or a Co-opted Member of the Council, or
- 2.2.4 There is insufficient evidence upon which to investigate and/or the person making the allegation has failed to co-operate with the Monitoring Officer to specify the allegation sufficiently, or
- 2.2.5 The same or a similar allegation has been investigated and determined, or
- 2.2.6 It is an anonymous allegation which does not include sufficient documentary evidence to indicate a significant breach of the Member's Code of Conduct, or
- 2.2.7 The Monitoring Officer facilitates an informal resolution without the need for a formal investigation. This may involve the member accepting that his/her conduct was unacceptable and offering an apology or other remedial action by the Council. If the Monitoring Officer considers an offer of informal resolution is reasonable but the person making the allegation is not willing to accept it, the allegation will be referred to the Standards Committee for determination, or
- 2.2.8 The complainant is considered to be vexatious,
- 2.3 If the complaint is dealt with under 2.2 above, the Monitoring Officer will promptly notify the complainant and the Member of the outcome, giving reasons for the decision.
- 2.4 The Monitoring Officer may also determine that an allegation merits no further investigation having regard to the following additional criteria:
 - 2.4.1 The allegation is not considered sufficiently serious to warrant investigation, or
 - 2.4.2 The allegation appears to be motivated by malice, is trivial or malicious or is 'tit-for-tat', or
 - 2.4.3 The allegation appears to be politically motivated, or

¹ Public Interest Test:

[•] Is there evidence which supports the complaint?

[•] Is the conduct something which it is possible to investigate?

[•] Would an investigation be proportionate and in the public interest?

- 2.4.4 The matter about which the allegation is made took place more than three months prior to receipt of the allegation unless there are exceptional circumstances or it is otherwise appropriate to investigate.
- 2.5 Where the Monitoring Officer considers that an allegation merits further investigation, the Monitoring Officer shall undertake such investigation in accordance with Section 3 below.
- 2.6 The decision as to whether or not an allegation should be investigated will normally be taken within thirty clear working days from receipt of the allegation and in order to make this decision the Monitoring Officer may consult the informal Standards Working Group if the Monitoring Officer is of the view that this is required. The Monitoring Officer will inform the person making the allegation of that decision and if the allegation is to be investigated, an indication of the timescale for the investigation. The Monitoring Officer will keep the person informed if the initial timetable changes substantially.

The Standards Working Group is made up of two elected members and an Independent Person. It is an informal non decision making working group which is set up to be consulted by the Monitoring Officer if required.

3. <u>The Investigation</u>

- 3.1 The Monitoring Officer may conduct the investigation personally or may appoint an Investigating Officer, who may be another senior officer of the Council, an officer of another authority or an external investigator.
- 3.2 The Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer will decide if <u>they he/she</u> needs to meet or speak to the person making the allegation to understand the nature of the allegation and so that the person can explain <u>theirhis/her</u> understanding of events and identify what documents he/she considers the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer needs to see and who <u>theyhe/she</u> considers the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer needs to interview.
- 3.3 The Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer will normally write to the Member against whom the complaint is made and provide <u>themhim/her</u> with a copy of the complaint and ask the member to provide <u>theirhis/her</u> explanation of events and to identify what documents <u>they_he/she</u> considers the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer needs to see and who<u>they_he/she</u> considers the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer needs to interview. Where it is appropriate to keep confidential the identity of the person making the allegation the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer will delete the person's name and address from the papers given to the Member.
- 3.4 The Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer has absolute discretion about which are the appropriate witnesses to interview and documents to consider but will follow best practice in conducting investigations. Having considered all relevant documentation identified and having interviewed all relevant witnesses, at the end of the investigation the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer will produce a draft report and may where appropriate send copies of that draft report, in confidence, to the person making the allegation and to the member concerned, to give them an

opportunity to identify any matter in that report with which there is disagreement or which is considered to require more consideration.

- 3.5 Where an Investigating Officer has been appointed, having received and taken account of any comments which the person making the allegation and/or the member have made on the draft report, the Investigating Officer will send their his/her final report (the Investigation Report) to the Monitoring Officer for the latter's consideration. prior to onward transmission to the Standards Committee where appropriate.
- 3.6 Where the Monitoring Officer has undertaken the investigation personally, having received and taken account of any comments which the person making the allegation and/or the member have made on the draft report, and, where appropriate, having sought to achieve an informal resolution, the Monitoring Officer shall submit the Investigation Report to the Standards <u>Working Group Committee and the Independent Person.</u> The Standards Working Group will be consulted on the next steps in the process for example, can the matter be resolved at this stage or does it need to proceed to the formal Standards Committee Sub Committee.

4. <u>The Pre-Hearing Process and Hearing</u>

- 4.1 A Member or Co-opted Member who is the subject of a complaint which proceeds to a hearing of the Standards Committee Sub Committee has the right to be legally represented or accompanied at the hearing.
- 4.2 In advance of the Hearing the Monitoring Officer (and/or her nominees) will:
 - 4.2.1 agree a date for the hearing with all the relevant parties;

4.2.2 provide a timetable for the Member to provide details about whether they wish to give evidence (and whether orally or in writing) at the hearing and any witnesses they intend to call, and additional papers they may wish to provide in time for inclusion in the committee papers;

4.2.3 establish whether the member will be represented or accompanied at the hearing;

4.2.4 establish whether the member wishes any part of the Investigation Report to be kept confidential or the Hearing itself to be held in private, and the reasons for this;

4.3.5 provide information about the procedure to be used at the hearing;

4.3.6 establish whether the member disagrees with any of the findings of fact in the Investigation Report;

4.3.7 establish whether the Investigating Officer intends to call any witnesses.

- 4.3 Wherever possible hearings conducted by the Standards Committee Sub-Committee shall take place within three calendar months of the completion of the Investigation Report.
- 4.4 At the hearing, the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer will present the Investigation Report, call such witnesses as he/she considers necessary and make representations to substantiate his/her conclusion that the member has failed to comply with the Code of Conduct. For this purpose, the Monitoring

Officer/Investigating Officer may request the person making the allegation to attend and give evidence to the Standards-Committee.

- 4.5 The member will then have an opportunity to give his/her evidence, to call witnesses and to make representations to the Standards Committee <u>Sub Committee</u> as to why <u>they_he/she_</u>considers that <u>they_he/she</u> did not fail to comply with the Members' Code of Conduct.
- 4.6 If a Member fails to attend the hearing, the Standards Committee <u>Sub Committee</u> may decide to proceed in the Member's absence and make a determination, or to adjourn the hearing to a later date.
- 4.7 Full details of the process to be undertaken at the hearing are contained in the Hearing Procedure note comprising Appendix A to these arrangements.
- 4.8 The Standards Committee <u>Sub Committee</u>, having sought and taken into account the views of the Independent Person may conclude:
 - 4.8.1 that the member did not fail to comply with the Members' Code of Conduct, and dismiss the complaint, or
 - 4.8.2 that the member did fail to comply with the Members' Code of Conduct.
- 4.9 In the event of a finding under Paragraph 9.7 (b) above, the Chair will inform the member of this finding and the Standards Committee <u>Sub Committee</u> will then consider what action, if any, it should take as a result of the member's failure to comply with the Members' Code of Conduct. In doing this, the Standards Committee <u>Sub Committee</u> will give the member an opportunity to make representations to the Committee as to whether any action should be taken and what form any action should take and will seek and take into account the views of the Independent Person. It will then decide what action, if any, to take in respect of the matter.
- 4.10 In the event that votes are tied on a finding on a complaint the Committee will determine that the Member has not breached the Code of Conduct and the allegation will be dismissed.

5. <u>Action which may be taken where a member has failed to comply with the</u> <u>Code of Conduct</u>

5.1 Having determined that a member has failed to comply with the Members' Code of Conduct, the Committee may:

5.1.1 Publish its findings in respect of the Member's conduct;

5.1.2 Report its findings to Council for information;

5.1.3 Issue the Member with a formal censure or reprimand, a report of which may be submitted to Council

5.1.4 Recommend to the Member's Group Leader (or in the case of ungrouped members, recommend to Council

or to Committees) that he/she be removed from any or all Committees or Sub-Committees of the Council;

5.1.5 Instruct the Monitoring Officer to arrange training for the member;

5.1.6 Recommend to Council that the member be removed from outside appointments to which he/she has been appointed or nominated by the Council

5.1.7 Withdraw facilities provided to the member by the Council, such as a computer, website and/or email and internet access; or

5.1.8 Exclude the member from the Council's Offices or other premises, with the exception of meeting rooms as necessary for attending Council, Committee and Sub-Committee meetings.

5.1.9 Take no further action

5.1.10 Any other appropriate sanction which may be available to the Committee.

- 5.2 The Standards Committee <u>Sub Committee</u> has no power to suspend or disqualify the Member or to withdraw members' or special responsibility allowances.
- 5.3 At the end of the hearing, the Chairman shall state the decision of the Standards Committee <u>Sub Committee</u> as to whether the Member failed to comply with the Code of Conduct and as to any action which the Committee has resolved to take.
- 5.4 As soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, the Monitoring Officer shall prepare a formal decision notice after consultation with the Chairman of the Committee, and send a copy to the person making the allegation; to the member concerned; make that decision notice available for public inspection and report the decision to the next convenient meeting of the Council.

6. <u>Appeals</u>

6.1 There is no right of appeal for either the person making the allegation or for the Member against whom the allegation is made, against a decision of the Monitoring Officer or of the Standards Committee <u>Sub Committee</u>.

7. <u>Reports</u>

7.1 The Monitoring Officer will submit a report to the <u>Constitution and General</u> <u>PurposesGovernance</u>, <u>Audit</u>, <u>Risk Management and Standards</u> Committee at annual intervals to inform the Committee about all complaints which have been received during the year.

Hearing Procedure

The model procedure which follows comprises good and equitable practice and should be followed closely wherever possible. There may be occasions when circumstances require variations and subject to the maintenance of the principles of natural justice these may be effected at the discretion of the Standards Committee <u>Sub Committee</u> and advised to the parties

- 1. The Chai<u>rman</u> shall facilitate introductions and explain the procedure for the hearing.
- 2. The Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer shall be invited to present <u>their his/her</u> Investigation Report including any documentary evidence or other material and to call witnesses as required. This report and documentary and witness evidence must be based on the allegation made to the Council; no new or additional matters will be allowed.
- 3. The Member against whom the allegation has been made or <u>their his/her</u> representative may question the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer upon the content of the Investigation Report and any witnesses called by the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer. This is the Member's opportunity to ask questions arising from the Investigation Report and the direct evidence and not to make a statement.
- 5. Members of the Sub-Committee may question the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer upon the content of the Investigation Report and any witnesses called by the Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer
- 6. The Member against whom the allegation has been made or his/her representative may present their his/her case and call witnesses as required.
- 7. The Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer may question the Member and any witnesses
- 8. Members of the Committee may question the Member and any witnesses.
- 9. The Monitoring Officer/Investigating Officer may sum up the investigation into the allegation and make a closing speech.
- 10. The Member or his/her representative may sum up his/her case and make a closing speech.
- 11. The Chair shall invite the parties to withdraw to enable the Committee to deliberate upon the allegation. Prior to reaching a determination the Committee shall seek and take into account the views of the Independent Person.
- 12. The parties shall be invited to return and the Chairman shall announce the Committee's decision in the following terms:-
 - 12.1 The Committee has determined that the Member has failed to comply with the Code of Conduct, or

12.2 The Committee has determined that the Member has not failed to comply with the Code of Conduct and the allegation is dismissed.

The Committee will give reasons for its decision.

- 13. If the Committee has determined that the Member has failed to comply with the Code of Conduct it shall consider any representations from the Member as to whether any action should be taken and what form any action should take.
- 14. The Chai<u>rman</u> shall invite the parties to withdraw to enable the Committee to deliberate upon what action if any should be taken. Prior to reaching a determination the Committee shall seek and take into account the views of the Independent Person.
- 15. In addition to any action upon the current matter, the Committee shall consider whether in consequence it should make recommendations to the Council with a view to promoting high standards of conduct amongst Members.
- 16. The parties shall be invited to return and the Chairman shall announce the Committee's decision
- 17. A full written decision shall be issued to the Complainant and the Member within ten clear working days following the hearing and shall be published.